## COMPUTATION OF COLLISION-INDUCED ABSORPTION BY SIMPLE MOLECULAR COMPLEXES, FOR ASTROPHYSICAL APPLICATIONS

MARTIN ABEL, LOTHAR FROMMHOLD, Department of Physics, The University of Texas at Austin, Austin, TX 78712; XIAOPING LI, KATHARINE L. C. HUNT, Department of Chemistry, Michigan State University, East Lansing, MI 48824.

The interaction-induced absorption by collisional pairs of  $H_2$  molecules is an important opacity source in the atmospheres of various types of planets and cool stars, such as late stars, low-mass stars, brown dwarfs, cool white dwarf stars, the ambers of the smaller, burnt out main sequence stars, exoplanets, etc., and therefore of special astronomical interest <sup>*a*</sup>. The emission spectra of cool white dwarf stars differ significantly in the infrared from the expected blackbody spectra of their cores, which is largely due to absorption by collisional  $H_2$ – $H_2$ ,  $H_2$ – $H_e$ , and  $H_2$ –H complexes in the stellar atmospheres. Using quantum-chemical methods we compute the atmospheric absorption from hundreds to thousands of kelvin <sup>*b*</sup>. Laboratory measurements of interaction-induced absorption spectra by  $H_2$  pairs exist only at room temperature and below. We show that our results reproduce these measurements closely <sup>*c*</sup>, so that our computational data permit reliable modeling of stellar atmosphere opacities even for the higher temperatures <sup>*d*</sup>. First results for  $H_2$ –He complexes <sup>*f*</sup> and have shown great improvements in these models.

<sup>*e*</sup>M. Abel, L. Frommhold, X. Li, and K. L. C. Hunt, Infrared absorption by collisional  $H_2$ –He complexes at temperatures up to 9000 K and frequencies from 0 to 20000 cm<sup>-1</sup>, J. Chem. Phys., 136, 044319, 2012

<sup>f</sup>D. Saumon, M. S. Marley, M. Abel, L. Frommhold, and R. S. Freedman, New H<sub>2</sub> collision-induced absorption and NH<sub>3</sub> opacity and the spectra of the coolest brown dwarfs, Astrophysical Journal, 2012

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>L. Frommhold, Collision-Induced Absorption in Gases, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, New York, 1993 and 2006

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>X. Li, K. L. C. Hunt, F. Wang, M. Abel, and L. Frommhold, Collision-Induced Infrared Absorption by Molecular Hydrogen Pairs at Thousands of Kelvin, Int. J. of Spect., vol. 2010, Article ID 371201, 11 pages, 2010. doi: 10.1155/2010/371201

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>M. Abel, L. Frommhold, X. Li, and K. L. C. Hunt, Collision-induced absorption by H<sub>2</sub> pairs: From hundreds to thousands of Kelvin, J. Phys. Chem. A, 115, 6805-6812, 2011

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>L. Frommhold, M. Abel, F. Wang, M. Gustafsson, X. Li, and K. L. C. Hunt, "Infrared atmospheric emission and absorption by simple molecular complexes, from first principles", Mol. Phys. 108, 2265, 2010