

THE EFFECTIVE HAMILTONIAN FOR THE GROUND STATE OF  $^{207}\text{Pb}^{19}\text{F}$  AND NEW MEASUREMENTS OF THE FINE STRUCTURE SPECTRUM NEAR  $1.2\ \mu\text{m}$ .

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We have measured rotational transitions in the ground,  $X_1\ ^2\Pi_{1/2}$ , electronic state of naturally occurring isotopomers of PbF in a supersonic free jet Fourier transform microwave spectrometer. The data for  $^{207}\text{Pb}^{19}\text{F}$  is particularly interesting because it is a candidate for a future experimental e-EDM measurement. To fit the data for this species to the measurement precision, the nuclear spin-spin dipolar interaction and a second term that can be equivalently viewed as a centrifugal distortion correction to the familiar Frosch and Foley hyperfine coupling terms, or an  $\Omega$ -dependent correction to the nuclear spin-rotational coupling are required, in addition to the standard terms. To characterize the higher  $X_2\ ^2\Pi_{3/2}$  component of the ground state of PbF, we are attempting a direct measurement of transitions between the two components in a slit jet-cooled sample using a frequency comb-referenced extended cavity diode laser. This spectrum was originally detected in a hot source by Fourier transform near-infrared spectroscopy,<sup>b</sup> but low- $J$  transitions were unresolved at that time.

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