## THE JET-COOLED HIGH RESOLUTION $\tilde{A}^2 E^{\prime\prime}\mathchar`-\mathchar`Z^2 A_2^\prime$ VIBRONIC BANDS OF ${\rm NO}_3$

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The  $0_0^0$ ,  $4_0^1$ ,  $4_0^2$  and  $2_0^1$  vibronic bands of the  $\tilde{A}$  state NO<sub>3</sub> absorption spectrum has been successfully observed with our high-resolution, jet-cooled cavity ring-down apparatus. Ground state combination differences<sup>bc</sup> are used to analyze all four vibronic bands. Rotational transitions of the  $4_0^1$  band (parallel band) band are assigned including some levels that appear to be doubled. The  $4_0^2$  band verifies the existence of anomalous doublets in both the  $4_0^1$  and  $4_0^2$  bands. The  $2_0^1$  band is a perpendicular band which has a different band type. Preliminary assignments of this band are utilized for the comprehensive understanding of the structure of NO<sub>3</sub> in the  $\tilde{A}$  state. Besides the  $\nu_2$  and  $\nu_4$  vibronic bands, the vibronically forbidden origin band ( $0_0^0$  band) has also been recorded. The weakly observed  $\tilde{A}$ - $\tilde{X}$  origin band structure appears to be different from either the parallel or perpendicular band type and is likely a magnetic dipole transition.

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