## HIGH RESOLUTION SPECTRA OF CARBON DIOXIDE CLUSTERS IN THE $\nu_{3}$ BAND REGION


#### Abstract

A.R.W. MCKELLAR, Steacie Institute for Molecular Sciences, National Research Council of Canada, Ottawa, ON KlA 0R6, Canada; MAHIN AFSHARI, M. DEHGHANY, and N. MOAZZEN-AHMADI, Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Calgary, 2500 University Dr., N.W., Calgary, AB T2N 1N4, Canada.


There is widespread interest in carbon dioxide clusters from a variety of experimental and theoretical perspectives. But in terms of high resolution spectroscopy, the only definitive information concerns $\left(\mathrm{CO}_{2}\right)_{2}$ and $\left(\mathrm{CO}_{2}\right)_{3}$. The dimer has a planar slipped parallel geometry with $C_{2 h}$ symmetry. ${ }^{a}$ Two isomers are known for the trimer: a planar cyclic form with $C_{3 h}$ symmetry ${ }^{b}$ and a sort of "barrel-shaped" form with $C_{2}$ symmetry. ${ }^{\text {c }}$
Here we analyze two new bands in the $\mathrm{CO}_{2} \nu_{3}$ region. The first is a dimer combination band near $2382 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ whose assignment raises interesting questions about the intermolecular vibrations of $\left(\mathrm{CO}_{2}\right)_{2} .{ }^{d}$ The second band is a trimer band near $2370 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ which is very similar to one we observed previously near $2364 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. We assign it to a combination involving another out-of-plane vibration of the cyclic trimer. In addition to these newly assigned bands, we also discuss a number of clear and (mostly) well-resolved bands which apparently must belong to $\left(\mathrm{CO}_{2}\right)_{N}$ clusters with $N$ in the range $6 \sim 15$. Although they cannot be precisely assigned at this time, these bands offer intriguing future prospects for learning more about the structures and vibrational dynamics of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ clusters in a challenging and important size range.

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