## BROADBAND CHIRPED-PULSE FOURIER-TRANSFORM MICROWAVE SPECTROSCOPIC INVESTIGATION OF THE STRUCTURES OF THREE DIETHYLSILANE CONFORMERS

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The rotational spectrum of diethylsilane has been assigned using broadband chirped-pulse Fourier-transform microwave (CP-FTMW) spectroscopy. Previously, Fourier-transform microwave rotational spectra were observed using a Balle-Flygare type instrument for the ${ }^{28} \mathrm{Si}$ isotopologues of the gauche-gauche, trans-gauche, and trans-trans conformers. ${ }^{a}$ In the present study, a broadband microwave spectrum was obtained at the University of Virginia, taking advantage of the ability to perform deep signal averaging to increase the measurement sensitivity. To obtain a full structural determination of the conformers of this molecule, spectra for the ${ }^{29} \mathrm{Si}$, ${ }^{30} \mathrm{Si}$, and single ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ substitutions for the gauche-gauche, the trans-gauche, and the trans-trans species were assigned. Substitution $\left(r_{s}\right)$ structures and inertial fit $\left(r_{0}\right)$ structures were determined and a comparison between the experimental and ab initio structures will be presented. For the ${ }^{28} \mathrm{Si}$ isotopologues, the percent differences between the experimental and ab initio rotational constants are less than $1.5 \%$ for the trans-trans and trans-gauche and are between 2.0 and $5.0 \%$ for the gauche-gauche conformer. The structural parameters will be compared between this molecule, diethylgermane and other silicon containing molecules and the relative abundances of the three conformers will be discussed.

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[^0]:    ${ }^{a}$ S.A. Peebles, M.M. Serafin, R.A. Peebles, G.A. Guirgis, and H.D. Stidham J. Phys. Chem. A, (2009), DOI: 10.1021/jp811049n.

