## ANALYSIS OF THE $\nu_2$ BAND OF THE FCO<sub>2</sub> RADICAL: PRELIMINARY RESULTS

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The unique fluoroformyloxyl radical (FCO<sub>2</sub>) is assumed to participate in atmospheric processes such as the degradation of hydrofluorocarbons that have been considered as chlorofluorocarbon substitutes. Despite this atmospheric interest, the molecular and spectroscopic properties of FCO<sub>2</sub> have not yet sufficiently been explored. The high resolution FT IR gas phase spectrum of the fluoroformyloxyl (FCO<sub>2</sub>) radical was recorded in the 650 - 1500 cm<sup>-1</sup> spectral range at the University of Wuppertal. Using this spectrum and the ground state parameters achieved recently<sup>*a*</sup> we carried out the first high resolution study of the  $\nu_2$  *A*-type band (C-F stretching mode) centered at 970.209 cm<sup>-1</sup>. The analysis was difficult because the band is congested. In addition the spin doublets are difficult to identify except for high K<sub>*a*</sub> values. However, we could take advantage of the fact that only K<sub>*a*</sub>=odd values are observable for symmetry reasons. The line position calculation accounts for the spin rotation doubling and for the Fermi-type resonances linking the 2<sup>1</sup> and 5<sup>2</sup> spin rotation energy levels.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Kolesnikova, Varga, Beckers, Simeckova, Zelinger, Nova Striteska, Kania, Willner, and Urban, J. Chem Phys 128, 224 (2008)