## A ACETIC ACID SURVEY TOWARD HIGH- AND LOW-MASS STAR FORMING REGIONS

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We have used the Combined Array for Research in Millimeter-wave Astronomy (CARMA) to conduct a survey of acetic acid (CH<sub>3</sub>COOH) at 3 mm wavelengths toward the hot core G19.61-0.23 and the two deeply embedded low-mass protostars IRAS 16293-2422 and NGC 1333 IRAS 4. The observed CH<sub>3</sub>COOH transitions are the  $10_{*,10} - 9_{*,9}$  E and A lines. We have detected (>3  $\sigma$  level) these two lines in G19.61-0.23. The abundance ratio of CH<sub>3</sub>COOH to its isomer, methyl formate (HCOOCH<sub>3</sub>), is comparable to other CH<sub>3</sub>COOH sources. However, the CH<sub>3</sub>COOH lines in IRAS 16293-2422 and NGC 1333 IRAS 4 are not detected in our observations. We set upper limits for the column densities for each source. Based on the CH<sub>3</sub>COOH detection in IRAS 16293-2422 reported by Cazaux et al., we should have detected the two lines. Therefore, we suggest that the CH<sub>3</sub>COOH detection in IRAS 16293-2422 is still uncertain.

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