THE LOW FREQUENCY BROADBAND FOURIER TRANSFORM MICROWAVE SPECTROSCOPY OF HEXAFLU-OROPROPYLENE OXIDE, CF_3CFOCF_2

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The pure rotational spectra of hexafluoropropylene oxide (HFPO), CF₃CFOCF₂, as well as its 13 C (1.07%) and 18 O (0.205%) isotopomers were recorded in natural abundance from 2.0 to 26 GHz. Low frequency transitions (2 - 8 GHz) were measured by a recently designed chirped-pulse Fourier transform microwave (CP-FTMW) spectrometer at the University of Virginia. The observed spectra lines of 13 C isotopomers (in natural abundance) demonstrate the capability and sensitivity of the CP-FTMW spectrometer operating in 2 - 8 GHz region. The spectra in 8.0 - 26 GHz region were recorded by a Fabry-Pérot cavity Fourier transform microwave (FP-FTMW) spectrometer. All the five isotopologues of HFPO were found, and their spectroscopic constants were fit from assigned spectral lines using JB95 and Pickett's SPFIT suite of programs. For the dominate HFPO isotopomer: $A_0 = 2217.04887(11)$ MHz, $B_0 = 1101.48958(5)$ MHz, $C_0 = 936.60131(5)$ M

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