## LINE MIXING EFFECTS IN THE $\nu_2 + \nu_3$ BAND OF METHANE.

ADRIANA PREDOI-CROSS, ANIL V. UNNIKRISHNAN, HENRY HEUNG, University of Lethbridge, Department of Physics, 4401 University Drive, Lethbridge, Alberta, TIK3M4, Canada; LINDA R. BROWN, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, California 91109; D. CHRIS BENNER and V. MALATHY DEVI, Department of Physics, The College of William and Mary, Williamsburg, VA 23187-8795.

This study provides the first experimental measurements of line mixing via the off diagonal relaxation matrix element formalism in airbroadened methane spectra for any vibrational band and the first off diagonal relaxation matrix elements associated with line mixing for pure methane in the  $\nu_2 + \nu_3$  band of <sup>12</sup>CH<sub>4</sub>. A speed-dependent Voigt profile with line mixing is used with a multispectrum nonlinear least squares curve fitting technique.<sup>*a*</sup> The off diagonal relaxation matrix element coefficients of eighteen pairs of  $\nu_2 + \nu_3$  transitions between 4410 and 4629 cm<sup>-1</sup> have been determined. The measured self-line mixing coefficients vary from 0.0019 to 0.0390 cm<sup>-1</sup> atm<sup>-1</sup> at 296 K, and for air line mixing coefficients vary between 0.0005 and 0.0205 cm<sup>-1</sup> atm<sup>-1</sup> at 296 K. The spectral data used in the analysis were recorded at a resolution of 0.01-cm<sup>-1</sup> using the McMath-Pierce Fourier transform spectrometer located at the National Solar Observatory on Kitt Peak, Arizona.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>D. Chris Benner et al. JQSRT 53, 705-721, 1995.