

## LARGE PARITY SPLITTING AS AN INDICATION OF THE HCP $\longleftrightarrow$ CPH “ISOMERIZATION”

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We have been investigating the HCP  $\longleftrightarrow$  CPH “isomerization” of HCP molecule by the stimulated emission pumping (SEP) spectroscopy. In the previous study, we recorded SEP spectra in the energy region up to  $26800\text{ cm}^{-1}$  in the  $\tilde{X}$  state from the vibrational ground level. This value is very close to the height of the “isomerization” barrier ( $27400\text{ cm}^{-1}$ ) predicted by the theoretical study. It was found that several vibrational levels exhibit complicated perturbation patterns due to the Coriolis type interaction<sup>a</sup>. Strong Coriolis perturbations in the energy region near the “isomerization” barrier are predicted by Jacobson and Child based on their spherical pendulum model<sup>b</sup>. They also pointed out that the parity splitting in  $\ell \neq 0$  levels should be a good spectroscopic indication of the “isomerization” in addition to the rotational constants.

Until now, due to the rotational selection rules, only the  $\ell = 0$  levels were observed in the energy region above  $20000\text{ cm}^{-1}$ . However, using a perturbed level in the  $\tilde{C}$  state as an intermediate, we have succeeded in recording SEP spectra which have sampled  $\ell = 1$  levels in the  $26250 - 27300\text{ cm}^{-1}$  region in the  $\tilde{X}$  state, in the present study. As a result, we have found a good relation between the rotational constants and the parity splittings. Larger- $B$  levels exhibit larger parity splittings. For instance, A vibrational level having a  $B_{\text{ave.}}$  of  $0.76\text{ cm}^{-1}$  exhibits  $\Delta B = 0.13\text{ cm}^{-1}$ , while another level having a  $B_{\text{ave.}}$  of  $0.62\text{ cm}^{-1}$  exhibits  $\Delta B = 0.03\text{ cm}^{-1}$ . The  $\Delta B$  of the former level is about 4 times larger than that of the latter. It is confirmed that the parity splitting is one of the spectroscopic indications of the “isomerization” of the HCP/CPH system as expected.

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<sup>a</sup>Y. Muramoto, H. Ishikawa, and N. Mikami, 60th Ohio State University International Symposium on Molecular Spectroscopy, WH03 (2005).

<sup>b</sup>M. P. Jacobson and M. S. Child, *J. Chem. Phys.* **114**, 262 (2001).