## MULTISPECTRUM ANALYSIS OF THE $\nu_4$ AND $\nu_2$ BANDS OF $^{12}CH_4$

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Self- and air-broadened halfwidth and pressure-induced shift coefficients and their temperature dependences have been determined for a number of transitions in the  $\nu_4$  and  $\nu_2$  bands of  ${}^{12}$ CH<sub>4</sub> from laboratory absorption spectra recorded at room temperature and below with the McMath-Pierce Fourier transform spectrometer of the National Solar Observatory. In addition, accurate line center positions and absolute intensities were determined. The results were obtained by using a multispectrum nonlinear least squares technique<sup>*a*</sup> to fit simultaneously 20 or more spectra recorded at high resolution (0.006-0.01 cm<sup>-1</sup>) with path lengths between ~ 1 and 150 cm and sample temperatures ranging from 210 to 314 K. For both self- and air broadening in the J-manifolds of the P and R branches of the  $\nu_4$  band, we observed line mixing between certain transitions within the same manifold. In these cases the off-diagonal relaxation matrix elements were determined in the fits. Most of the air-broadened widths of unmixed  $\nu_4$  lines retrieved using the multispectrum fits agree well with earlier values determined from single-spectrum fits,<sup>*b*</sup> and the multispectrum results have smaller statistical uncertainties. The inclusion of line mixing in the fits was seen to have a greater effect on the retrieved values of the line shifts than on the retrieved values of other parameters.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>D. Chris Benner et al., JQSRT <u>53</u>, 705-721 (1995).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>M. A. H. Smith et al., Spectrochimica Acta <u>48A</u>, 1257-1272 (1992).