

FTMW SPECTROSCOPY OF CH₂NC (\tilde{X}^2B_1) ~ A POSSIBLE CANDIDATE OF INTERSTELLAR MOLECULE

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Cyanohydrocarbons are molecules of great importance in cold dark clouds such as TMC-1. Due to such interests, CH₂CN has been studied by experimental and theoretical means, and these extensive investigations lead unambiguous identification of the molecule in interstellar matter^a. It turns out that an isomer CH₂NC was rarely studied experimentally, probably because of unstableness of this species compared with CH₂CN.

We recently recorded Fourier transform microwave (FTMW) spectra of CH₂NC at the University of Tokyo. About 0.3~1 percent of CH₃NC, synthesized by an ordinary way, was diluted in the Ar or Ne buffer gas at the pressure of \sim 1 atm. The mixed gas was injected into the Fabry-Pérot cavity via a pulsed nozzle, whose opening was synchronized with high voltage dc pulse to discharge to generate the aimed species. $N=1_{10}-0_{00}$ (\sim 22.2 GHz), $2_{02}-1_{01}$, $2_{12}-1_{11}$, and $2_{11}-1_{10}$ (\sim 44.4 GHz) were recorded with well resolved fine and hyperfine structure. The molecular structure as well as a possibility of detection of this molecule will be discussed.

^aW. M. IRVINE *et al. Astrophys. J.*, **334**, L107 (1988).