

SYMMETRY-ADAPTED TENSORIAL FORMALISM FOR THE SPECTROSCOPY OF THE SO₂F₂ QUASI-SPHERICAL TOP: APPLICATION TO THE BENDING TRIAD

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The techniques of symmetry-adapted tensorial formalism and of vibrational extrapolation developed since many years by the Dijon group have proved their efficiency for the spectroscopy of spherical-top molecules (CH₄, SF₆, ...). We have extended these methods to the case of quasi-spherical tops such as SO₂F₂^a. This model has been used recently to perform the analysis of the ground state of this molecule^b. We present here a preliminary study concerning the analysis of the $\nu_3/\nu_7/\nu_9$ bending triad in the 550 cm⁻¹ region. These results are compared to those obtained with the usual asymmetric-top approach^c. A set of programs for spectrum calculations and fits named C_{2v}TDS has been used and is freely available at the URL:

<http://www.u-bourgogne.fr/LPUB/c2vTDS.html>

^aM. Rotger, V. Boudon and M. Loëte, *J. Mol. Spectrosc.*, **216**, 297-307, (2002).

^bM. Rotger, V. Boudon, M. Loëte, L. Margulès, J. Demaison, H. Mäder, G. Winnewisser and H.S.P. Müller, *J. Mol. Spectrosc.*, **222**, 172-179, (2003).

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