LASER SPECTROSCOPY OF YBr: ROTATIONAL ANALYSIS OF THE $C^1\Sigma - X^1\Sigma$ SYSTEM

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The $C^1\Sigma - X^1\Sigma$ system of YBr has been studied using a laser vaporisation/reaction free jet expansion source coupled with laser induced fluorescence spectrometer. YBr molecule was generated by ablating a yttrium rod in the presence of $\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{Br}$ vapour. Laser induced fluorescence spectrum of the $C^1\Sigma - X^1\Sigma$ system recorded consists of the (0,0), (0,1), (0,2), (0,3), (1,2), (1,3), (1,4) AND (2,4) bands. Each band displays the typical R and P branches, which is characterisation of a $^1\Sigma - ^1\Sigma$ transition. Transition lines of both the $Y^{79}\text{Br}$ and $Y^{81}\text{Br}$ were observed and analyzed. Least squares fit of all the available lines of each isotopic molecule was performed. Molecular constants of $Y^{79}\text{Br}$ and $Y^{81}\text{Br}$ will be reported.