

THE $\tilde{B}1/2 (^2\Sigma^+) - \tilde{X}^2\Sigma^+$ ELECTRONIC TRANSITIONS OF LaNH AND LaND

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New high resolution spectra of the $\tilde{B}1/2 (^2\Sigma^+) - \tilde{X}^2\Sigma^+$ transitions of LaNH and LaND, near 16000 cm^{-1} , have been obtained under jet-cooled conditions, following the reaction of laser-ablated lanthanum metal with NH_3 and ND_3 . Rotational analyses have given the ground state structure as $r_0(\text{La-N}) = 1.932072(11) \text{ \AA}$; $r_0(\text{N-H}) = 1.01357(31) \text{ \AA}$. Strong vibronic and spin-orbit coupling is found to occur between the \tilde{B} state and the $\tilde{A}^2\Pi$ state near 12600 cm^{-1} . This causes various interesting effects: the hyperfine line strengths in the $\tilde{B} - \tilde{X}$ transition are unusual, showing that, though it is nominally $^2\Sigma - ^2\Sigma$, both parallel and perpendicular transition moments are present; also the bending frequency of the \tilde{B} state is raised by 150 cm^{-1} compared to the ground state, while its vibrational structure shows large l -dependent “spin-vibration” splittings which can be represented by $A_{sv} l$, where $A_{sv} \simeq -14 \text{ cm}^{-1}$.