

# HIGH RESOLUTION INFRARED ABSORPTION SPECTROSCOPY OF THE FIRST OVERTONE PURE VIBRATIONAL TRANSITION $Q_2(0)$ OF SOLID PARAHYDROGEN

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It has been shown that high-resolution infrared spectroscopy is applicable to the zero-phonon transitions of rotors and vibrons in solid hydrogen. Because the pure vibrational transitions  $Q_n(0)$  [ $v=n\leftarrow 0, J=0\leftarrow 0$ ] of solid parahydrogen become infrared-active only upon interaction with residual  $J=1$  orthohydrogen, studies of the pure vibrational transitions under high-resolution provide detailed and accurate information on intermolecular interactions between hydrogen molecules. Here, we report the high-resolution absorption spectrum of the first overtone pure vibrational transition  $Q_2(0)$  of solid parahydrogen.

The high-resolution spectrum of the  $Q_2(0)$  transition at around  $8070\text{ cm}^{-1}$  was observed using a difference frequency laser system<sup>a</sup>. The spectrum shows a complicated spectral feature compared with that of the  $Q_3(0)$  transition<sup>b</sup>. The  $v=3$  vibrational exciton was found to be well localized on the parahydrogen molecule next to an orthohydrogen. On the other hand, since the vibron hopping matrix element of the  $v=2$  state is comparable to the energy shift due to the existence of orthohydrogen, the observed rich spectral structure can be interpreted as due to the  $v=2$  vibron hopping over a limited number of lattice sites in the crystal. We will discuss the quantitative analysis of the observed spectrum.

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<sup>a</sup>T. Momose, T. Wakabayashi, and T. Shida, *J. Opt. Soc. Am. B* **13**, 1706 (1996).

<sup>b</sup>R. M. Dickson, T. Momose, T. J. Byers, and T. Oka, *Phys. Rev. B* **57**, 941 (1998).