

NEW RESULTS FROM THE ROTATIONAL SPECTRA OF THE HALOGEN MONOXIDES. INTERATOMIC POTENTIALS, FINE AND HYPERFINE INTERACTIONS.

B. J. DROUIN, E. A. COHEN, *Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, CA 91109-8099*; C. E. MILLER, *Department of Chemistry, Haverford College, Haverford, PA 19041-1392*; and H. S. P. MÜLLER, *I. Physikalisches Institut, Universität zu Köln, Zülpicher Str. 77, D-50937, Köln, Germany*.

Last year we reported the IO rotational spectrum in vibrational levels up to  $v = 13$  for the  $X_1 \ ^2\Pi_{3/2}$  state and to  $v = 9$  for the  $X_2 \ ^2\Pi_{1/2}$  state. In comparison, previous studies of BrO were limited to  $v = 2$  for  $X_1$  and  $v = 1$  for the  $X_2$  state. Using the DC discharge cell that was so effective for vibrational excitation of IO, measurements of BrO have now been extended up to  $v = 8$  and  $v = 7$  for the  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  states, respectively. Excited vibrational levels of ClO were not obtained with these methods, however good signal to noise at thermal populations allowed measurements for the  $v = 2$  levels of both the  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  states as well as  $^{18}\text{O}$  in natural abundance. The Hamiltonian of Brown, *et. al.*<sup>a</sup>, with explicit isotope dependencies for each parameter, has provided a set of mass and nuclear moment independent parameters for each of the halogen monoxide species. The electron spin-rotation constant,  $\gamma$ , and the centrifugal distortion of the spin-orbit splitting,  $A_D$ , which are normally correlated, have been separately determined by the isotope dependence of their contributions to the spectrum. Interatomic potentials have been derived from the mass-independent parameters that are accurate up to the observed excitation energies for each molecule. Analyses of the fine-structure parameters indicate that these molecules are close to the single perturber limit. The hyperfine parameters will be compared with the literature values<sup>b,c,d</sup> of the appropriate calculated relativistic radial integrals of the halogens.

<sup>a</sup>J. M. Brown and J. K. G. Watson, *J. Mol. Spec.* **148**, 371 (1991).

<sup>b</sup>P. Pyykkö, M. Seth, *Theor. Chem. Acc.* **96**, 92-104 (1997).

<sup>c</sup>I. Lindgren and A. Rosén, *Case Studies in Atomic Physics*, **4**, 197-298 (1974).

<sup>d</sup>P. Pyykkö and L. Wiesenfeld, *Mol. Phys.* **43**, 557-580 (1981).