

## RENNER-TELLER EFFECTS IN THE $^2\Pi_i$ GROUND STATES OF THE SiCH/SiCD and GeCH/GeCD RADICALS

HAIYANG LI, TONY C. SMITH, DAVID A. HOSTUTLER, DENNIS J. CLOUTHIER, *Department of Chemistry, University of Kentucky, Lexington, KY 40506-0055*; ANTHONY J. MERER, *Chemistry Department, University of British Columbia, 2036 Main Mall, Vancouver, BC, Canada V6T 1Z1*.

Extensive emission spectra have been obtained by laser excitation of selected bands of the  $\tilde{\Lambda} \ ^2\Sigma^+ - \tilde{X} \ ^2\Pi_i$  systems of jet-cooled SiCH, SiCD, GeCH and GeCD. Up to four quanta of the Si-C or Ge-C stretching mode and even quanta of the bending mode have been observed by pumping upper state  $\Sigma$  vibronic levels. Pumping vibronically induced transitions to upper state  $\Pi$  vibronic levels has given further information about odd quanta of the bending mode. The assignments have been fitted using a vibronic coupling matrix that includes spin-orbit coupling, Renner-Teller effects, Fermi resonances, and the interaction between nearly degenerate bending levels of different  $\nu_2$  and K. The emission spectra of SiCH and SiCD, with  $A \approx \epsilon\omega$ , are easily assigned and the Fermi resonance interaction between  $2\nu_2$  and  $\nu_3$  is found to be small. In the germanium species, the spin-orbit coupling is much larger than  $\epsilon\omega$  and the spectra are more complicated. Levels of different  $\nu_2$  with  $\Delta\nu_2 = \pm 1$  are mixed by a  $\Delta P = 0$ ,  $H_{RT} \times H_{SO}$  cross-term of substantial magnitude, disrupting the energy level pattern. Results from the vibronic analyses of all four species will be presented.