A THEORETICAL INVESTIGATION OF THE RENNER INTERACTIONS AND MAGNETIC DIPOLE TRANSITIONS IN THE \widetilde{A} – \widetilde{X} ELECTRONIC BAND SYSTEM OF HO_2

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The $\widetilde{A}^2 A' \to \widetilde{X}^2 A''$ electronic band system of HO₂ has been simulated in emission using an extended version of the program RENNER ^{*a*} ^{*b*}. The two electronic states involved in this transition have strongly bent equilibrium geometries but they correlate together to form a ^{*a*} II state at linearity. As a result the energy level pattern in the states is affected by electronic angular momentum effects (i.e., the Renner effect and spin-orbit coupling). In order to simulate the spectrum, we have calculated *ab initio* the potential energy surfaces, electric dipole moment surfaces, magnetic dipole moment surfaces, spin-orbit coupling parameter, and the electronic angular momentum matrix elements. Some of the forbidden $\Delta K = 0$ transitions occurring in the spectrum are induced by the magnetic dipole transition moment, and the others are electric dipole transitions that gain intensity because of the Renner interaction, spin-orbit coupling, or because of rotation-vibration interaction. All of these effects are allowed for in our calculation. The electric dipole transition moment is very small (0.017 D at the ground state equilibrium geometry) and because of this the magnetic dipole transitions. In this way previous experimental assignments ^{*c*} are confirmed theoretically.

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