

THE NO VIBRATIONAL FUNDAMENTAL BAND: O₂-BROADENING COEFFICIENTS

C. CHACKERIAN, JR., R. S. FREEDMAN, L. P. GIVER, *NASA Ames Research Center, Moffett Field, CA 94035*; L. R. BROWN, *Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology, Pasadena, CA 91109*.

Rovibrational spectra of the vibrational fundamental of nitric oxide at 1875 cm⁻¹ have been recorded under O₂-broadening conditions at 296 K and 0.0056 cm⁻¹ resolution using the Solar McMath FTS at the Kitt Peak National Observatory. The use of a flow system, which maintains the NO₂ at trace levels, has enabled the first measurement of these broadening coefficients. The broadening of the trace contaminant, N₂O, allowed checks of the measured pressures. The least-squares analysis of the spectra includes the nuclear hyperfine structure in addition to λ doubling. We observed differential broadening between the e and f λ components of ²Π_{1/2} transitions as well as larger differences in broadening observed between respectively the ²Π_{1/2} and ²Π_{3/2} transitions.