LASER ABSORPTION AND EMISSION SPECTROSCOPY OF THE YELLOW GREEN BAND SYSTEM OF TICI+

<u>LEONID A. KALEDIN</u> AND MICHAEL C. HEAVEN, *Department of Chemistry, Emory University, Atlanta, GA 30322*.

The Yellow-Green band system of TiCl⁺ has been studied using a dual-beam laser absorption technique in a hollow cathode discharge^a, and conventional emission spectroscopy. The quartz discharge cell for emission spectroscopy consisted of a 5 cm long, 2 mm internal diameter capillary similar to that used for a velocity modulation emission spectroscopy^b. The discharge was modulated at 25-125 kHz by a power supply which produced a bipolar sine wave. Samples of TiCl₄ in Ar were flowed slowly through the cell from the center of the capillary and symmetrically pumped out via the electrodes.

The Yellow-Green band system was observed previously in the emission^c and absorption^d spectra of TiCl⁺. Molecular parameters and internuclear distances for the $[17.9]^3\Delta$ and $X^3\Phi$ states of the $^{48}\text{Ti}^{35}\text{Cl}^+$ and $^{48}\text{Ti}^{37}\text{Cl}^+$ isotopomers will be presented.

Work supported by AFOSR and the Mission Research Corporation.

^aL. A. Kaledin, A. L. Kaledin, and M. C. Heaven, J. Mol. Spectrosc. **179**, 246-252 (1996).

^bW. Y. Fan and P. A. Hamilton, Chem. Phys. Lett. **230**, 555-560 (1994).

^cW. J. Balfour and K. S. Chandrasekhar, J. Mol. Spectrosc. 139, 245-252 (1990).

^dL. A. Kaledin, J. P. Parrish, and M. C. Heaven, 51-st International Symposium on Molecular Spectroscopy, Paper ME08 (1996)