## ROTATIONAL ANALYSIS OF THE VIBRATIONAL GROUND STATE OF DIMETHYL ETHER, CH<sub>3</sub>OCH<sub>3</sub>

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An effective rotational Hamiltonian<sup>*a*</sup> was used to analyze the rotational transitions in the vibrational ground state of dimethyl ether. Microwave<sup>*b*</sup> and mm-wave<sup>*c*</sup> measurements from the literature were combined with new measurements between 100 and 550 GHz in a global fit of all four torsional substates. Frequencies between 8 and 550 GHz were fit for transitions involving energy levels with J up to 40 and  $K_a$  up to 9. Only 22 spectroscopic parameters were necessary to fit 1499 frequencies to experimental precision (dimensionless standard deviation 0.67). The following parameters were determined in the least-squares fit:  $\rho = 0.21665(19)$ ,  $\beta = 8.426(27)$  deg., parameters equivalent to the rotational, quartic and sextic distortion constants, the internal energy tunneling parameters  $\epsilon_{01} = -3.0392(43)$  MHz and  $\epsilon_{02} = 0.0019(17)$  MHz and three tunneling constants related to the "rotational" constants.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>P. Groner, submitted.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>F. J. Lovas, H. Lutz and H. Dreizler, J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data (1979) 8, 1057-1107; J. R. Durig, Y. S. Li and P. Groner, J. Mol. Spectrosc. (1976) 62, 159-174.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>W. Neustock, A. Guarnieri, J. Demaison and G. Wlodarczak, Z. Naturforsch., Part A (1990) 45, 702-706.