## SF<sub>6</sub>: THE FORBIDDEN BAND UNVEILED

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Sulfur hexafluoride (SF<sub>6</sub>) is a greenhouse gas of anthropogenic origin, whose strong infrared absorption in the  $\nu_3$  S–F stretching region near 948 cm<sup>-1</sup> induces a global warming potential 23900 times bigger than CO<sub>2</sub>. This heavy species features many hot bands at room temperature (at which the ground state population is only 30 %), especially those originating from the  $v_6$  = 1 state. Unfortunately, the  $\nu_6$  band itself (near 347 cm<sup>-1</sup>) being, in first approximation, both infrared and Raman inactive, no reliable information could be obtained about it up to now. A long time ago, some authors suggested that this band may be slightly activated through Coriolis interaction and may appear as a very faint band, with an integrated intensity about 2 millionths of that of  $\nu_3$ . Using a new cryogenic multipass cell with 93 m optical path length and regulated at  $165 \pm 2$  K temperature, we recorded a spectrum of the  $\nu_6$  far-infrared region thanks to the performances of the AILES Beamline at the SOLEIL french synchrotron facility. Low temperature was used to avoid the presence of the  $2\nu_6 - \nu_6$  hot band and to reduce the neighboring, stronger  $\nu_4 - \nu_2$  difference band. We are thus able to confirm that the small feature in this region, previously viewed at low-resolution is indeed  $\nu_6$ . We present its fully resolved spectrum. It appears to be activated thanks to unidentified faint interactions resulting in the presence of a first-order dipole moment term that induces unusual selection rules. This spectrum was analyzed thanks to the XTDS software package<sup>b</sup>, leading to accurate molecular spectroscopic parameters that should be useful to model the hot bands of SF<sub>6</sub>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>W. B. Person, B. J. Krohn, *J. Mol. Spectrosc.* **98**, 229–257 (1983), C. Chappados, G. Birnbaum, *J. Mol. Spectrosc.* **105**, 206–214 (1984).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Ch. Wenger, V. Boudon, M. Rotger, M. Sanzharov and J.-P. Champion, J. Mol. Spectrosc., 251 102–113 (2008).