THE MOLECULAR FRAME ELECTRIC DIPOLE MOMENT AND HYPERFINE INTERACTIONS IN HAFNIUM FLUORIDE, HfF

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The identification of HfF⁺ as a possible candidate for a d_e measurement has stimulated new interest in the spectroscopy of both HfF⁺ $a^{,b}$, $c^{,c}$ and neutral HfF^{a,d}. Studies of the neutral are relevant because photoionization schemes can be used to produce the cations. More importantly, computational methodologies used to predict the electronic wavefunction of HfF⁺ can be effectively assessed by making a comparison of predicted and experimental properties of the neutral, which are more readily determinable. The (1,0)[17.9]2.5 $-X^2 \Delta_{3/2}$ band of hafnium monofluoride (HfF) has been recorded using high-resolution laser-induced fluorescence spectroscopy both field-free and in the presence of a static electric field. The field-free spectra of 177 HfF, 179 HfF, and 180 HfF were model to generate a set of fine and hyperfine parameters for the $X^2 \Delta_{3/2}$ (v=0) and [17.9]2.5 (v=1) states. The observed optical Stark shifts for the 180 HfF isotopologue were analyzed to produce the molecular frame electric dipole moments of 1.66(1)D and 0.419(7)D for the $X^2 \Delta_{3/2}$ and [17.9]2.5 states, respectively. A two-step *ab initio* calculation consisting of a two-component generalized relativistic effective core potential calculation (GRECP) followed by a restoration of the proper four-component wavefunction was performed to predict the properties of ground state HfF.

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